

ИТОГОВЫЙ КОНТРОЛЬ

Идентификатор: хх555887

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Задание 1

Послушай запись телефонного разговора. Заполни пропуски в утверждениях подходящими словосочетаниями.

1. The course at Norrington Language School is ... long.

three weeks

two weeks

four weeks

2. Students have ... lessons every day.

two

four

six

3. In class students

write a lot of dictations and tests

speak and sing songs in English

read English books

4. In the library students

- read books and watch videos
 - work on computers
 - learn about English traditions
-

5. Students do sport

- in the evening
 - during the lunch break
 - after classes
-

6. Andrew is fond of

- reading books and sightseeing
 - tennis and photography
 - learning foreign languages
-

Задание 2

Задание 3

Сопоставь фонетические записи со словами, которые они обозначают.

[h :t]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	recover
['meds n]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	heart
[pr s'kra b]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	prescribe
[h :t]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	medicine
[r k və]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	hurt

Задание 4

Выбери соответствующие варианты глаголов.

1. The actor ... up before the beginning of the performance.
2. The children ... off their coats and walked into the hall.
3. Can you ... up another joke?
4. When we were young, we could ... up all night.
5. I think we should ... Rose out of buying this coat.
6. Kate couldn't ... out Lena's behaviour.
7. I can't ... in what they want to tell us.

Задание 5

Используй суффиксы -able, -an, -er, -ing, -tion, -ly, -y, -th, чтобы образовать новые слова. Впиши их в предложения.

1. The best football ...s get a lot of money PLAY
2. Many ...s decorate their homes on special days. AMERICA
3. How big is your ... of mugs? COLLECT
4. Jane has been keeping to a ... diet since March. HEALTH
5. Some days ago Jill had a ... with the manager. MEET
6. What a ... little kitten! LOVE
7. Last winter was frosty and ... long. FAIR
8. What is the ... of the Mississippi River? LONG

Задание 6

Прочитай дефиниции и сопоставь со словами, которые они определяют.

-
1. A synonym to the word "language" is the word _____ .
 2. In most English schools one name for biology, chemistry, physics is _____ .
 3. The natural home of an animal or a plant is their _____ .
 4. The process of making the environment dirty is _____ .
 5. A small animal, a "baby" of a butterfly or a moth is a _____ .
 6. A way of behaving is _____ .
 7. A person's trip from one place to another, usually by land is a _____ .

tongue

science

habitat

pollution

caterpillar

behaviour

journey

Задание 7

В каждом из предложений выбери подходящее по смыслу слово.

1. I like it when red, yellow and brown leaves fall to the ... in autumn.
2. I have been writing my book ... two years.
3. The doctors say that the ... boy has to go to hospital.
4. Do we have ... for everybody?
5. In the evening the flowers smell
6. After her long ship ... Carol felt tired.
7. Has Alec ... to the bank? I can't find him anywhere.

Задание 8

Заполни пропуски в предложениях глаголами, данными в скобках, в соответствующих формах.

1. Look, I (do) ... my homework. – Is it really finished? How long (it take) ... you this time?
2. (You speak) ... with Kate yet? Do you think she will go to the cinema with us if we (invite) ... her?
3. My dad (have) ... this car for a long time. I think, he (buy) ... it ten years ago.
4. Nick (finish) ... reading the story just now. – And what (he do) ... now? – A minute ago he (think) ... about what to read next.
5. Rose (be) ... in love with Jerry since they (meet) ... at a school party.
6. Tommy (play) ... basketball for many years now, he's one of the best players.

Задание 9

Сделай подписи к картинкам.



an ...



an ...



a ...



a ...



a ...



a ...

Задание 10

Прочитай текст и утверждения после него. Отметь только те утверждения, которые соответствуют содержанию.

Botany is the study of plant life. In early times people studied plants because they were important as food. Then primitive medicine men became interested in botany. They had to know the plants that could kill people or help them. And that was the situation with botany and medicine for hundreds of years.

In the sixteenth century people began to write books about plants. Those writers were the "fathers" of modern botany. In the nineteenth century, the English scientist Charles Darwin studied plant and animal forms and his work helped botanists to get a better understanding of how plants as well as animals developed.

People have been studying plant life since long ago.

The word *botany* comes from a Greek word.

Botany has always been a part of medicine.

People wrote books about plants in ancient times.

Charles Darwin was interested in plant and animal life.